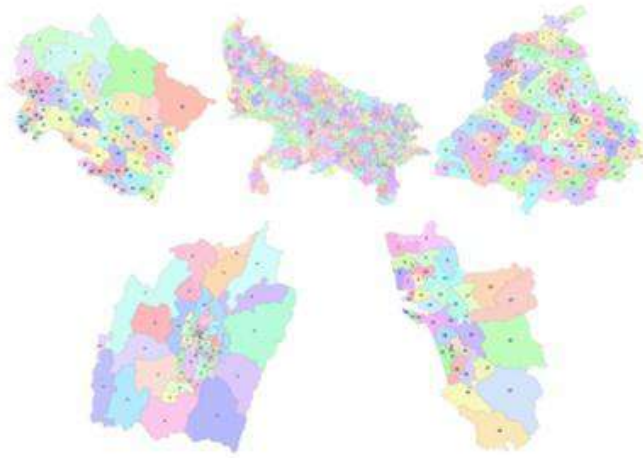


SIX REPORTS COMPENDIUM
ON
UTTARAKHAND ELECTORAL DATA
2012 - 2017 - 2022

Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdcuk.in

Decadal Electoral Growth and Demographic Changes
2012 - 2022



UTTARAKHAND ELECTORAL DATA ANALYSIS
2022 VIDHAN SABHA ELECTIONS



WOMEN PARTICIPATION & UTTARAKHAND
2022 ELECTORAL DATA



Uttarakhand 2012 to 2022 Assembly Elections
Demographic Changes, District Updates and Constituency
Numbers



MIGRATION & UTTARAKHAND
2017 ELECTORAL DATA



WOMEN PARTICIPATION & UTTARAKHAND
2017 ELECTORAL DATA



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ABOUT THE SIX REPORTS COMPENDIUM

The state assembly elections in Uttarakhand were held on 14 February 2022 to elect 70 members of the Uttarakhand Legislative Assembly. This was the fifth Vidhan Sabha election in the state. Earlier elections were held in 2002, 2007, 2012 and 2017.

The Dehradun based Social Development for Communities (SDC) Foundation has been analyzing and working on a range of social, civic and electoral issues spanning the domains of citizen engagement, voter awareness, migration, women empowerment and demographic changes. As a part of its above initiatives, the organization has released a total of eight data based reports on the Uttarakhand Vidhan Sabha Elections during the period of January - March 2022. This compendium is based on six of the above eight reports.

It is noteworthy to mention that the compendium of six reports is based exclusively on data from the Election Commission of India. We hope that the compendium will extend support to government agencies, political parties, political workers, social organizations, research based outfits, media, academia and students in better understanding the social dimensions associated with the electoral process. The data and its insights are all the more valuable given the lack the 2021 census data due to the Covid pandemic.

ABOUT US

Social Development for Communities Foundation is a not for profit organization engaged in communication, capacity building and community mobilization. Founded in 2017, SDC has been working closely on issues of sustainable development and governance. SDC Foundation has worked with a range of stakeholders – government institutions, private corporations, think-tanks, international development agencies, media and citizen groups.

TEAM



Anoop Nautiyal



Vidush Pandey



Pyarelal



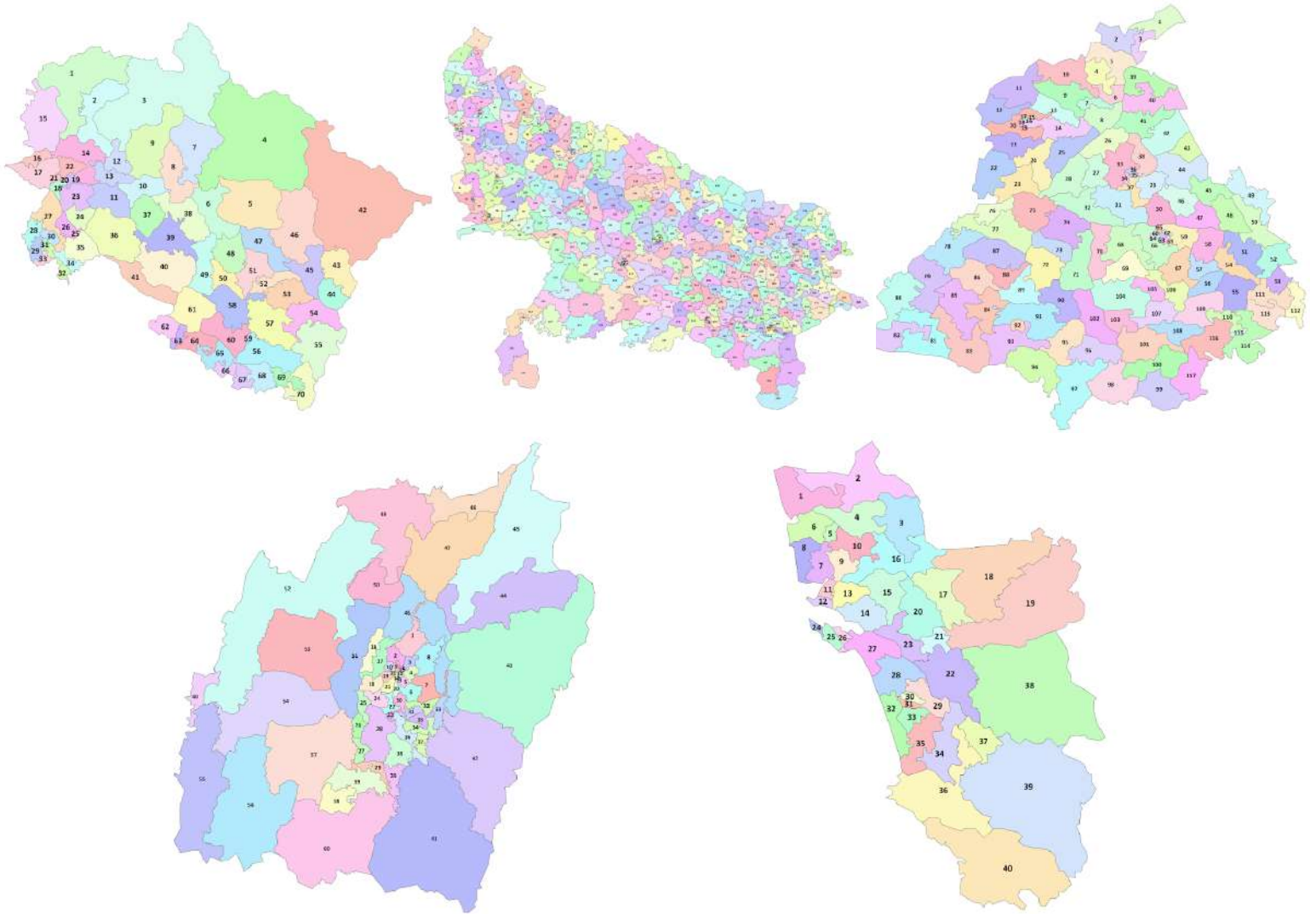
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Report One

Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Manipur and Goa Vidhan Sabha Elections

Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Manipur and Goa Vidhan Sabha Elections

Decadal Electoral Growth and Demographic Changes 2012 - 2022



Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdcuk.in

Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Manipur and Goa Vidhan Sabha Elections Decadal Electoral Growth and Demographic Changes 2012 - 2022

Every five years, Vidhan Sabha elections are held across five states in the country at the same time. These are the states of Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Manipur and Goa. Electors across the five states vote in large numbers for 690 state assembly seats. The Election Commission of India declares the election schedule at the same time while results are declared on the same day. We have seen this cycle getting repeated thrice during the past 10 years for the 2012, 2017 and the on-going 2022 assembly elections.

The elections, and particularly the electoral data provides rich insights on demographics, migration, women participation and voter engagement. The current set of electoral data is all the more important given the absence of the 2021 census that has been delayed due to the Covid pandemic.

This brief report looks at elector numbers for the 2012 to 2022 period and makes some compelling comparisons between the five states. With a 30% jump, Uttarakhand has had the largest percentage increase in the number of its electors amongst the five states. The four other states have had a considerably lesser percentage increase in the number of its electors.

SDC Foundation had recently released a report titled “Uttarakhand 2012 to 2022 Assembly Elections : Demographic Changes, District Updates and Constituency Numbers”. This report had also highlighted the unprecedented 30% increase in the number of electors in Uttarakhand during the past 10 years. The total number of electors for the 5th Assembly election in Uttarakhand were 82,66,644. In comparison, there were 63,77,330 electors in the Assembly elections in 2012 in the state. Thus, there is an increase of 18,89,314 (rounded off to 19 Lakhs) electors in the last 10 years between the 2012 to 2022 assembly elections. As expected, the largest increase is in the plain districts of Udham Singh Nagar, Dehradun, Nainital and Haridwar. There is a 37% increase in registered electors in 36 seats in the above four districts in 10 years. The highest increase is in Udham Singh Nagar district with 43%.

Decadal Electoral Growth and Demographic Changes

2012 - 2022

Top 10 Highlights:

1. The highest percentage increase in the number of registered electors amongst the five states of Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Manipur and Goa during the past 10 year period of 2012 to 2022 has been in Uttarakhand.
2. Electors increased by 30% in Uttarakhand during the 2012 to 2022 period.
3. Electors in Punjab increased by 21% during the 2012 to 2022 period.
4. Electors in Uttar Pradesh increased by 18%-19% during the 2012 to 2022 period. Since elections are still ongoing, the final electoral numbers are awaited in Uttar Pradesh.
5. Electors in Manipur increased by 14% during the 2012 to 2022 period.
6. The lowest increase of 13% electors during the 2012 to 2022 period has been reported in the tourist friendly state of Goa.
7. The increase in electors in Uttarakhand in percentage terms is more than twice that of Goa (30% in Uttarakhand compared to 13% in Goa).
8. While this deserves greater scrutiny, it is safe to assume that a large part of the increase in electors is due to massive influx or migration of people from other states in Uttarakhand. The vast majority of this influx is in the plain districts of Udham Singh Nagar, Dehradun, Nainital and Haridwar. It needs to be checked and verified if it is far easier to make Voter ID cards, Adhar Cards in Uttarakhand compared to other states. If this is true and people are moving in large numbers in Uttarakhand, then this calls for a thorough and in depth assessment from the state government and all its concerned agencies.
9. Urban Local Body (ULB) elections for Councilors are due in the next one and a half years in Uttarakhand. There are 420 Councilors in the eight Nagar Nigams viz. Dehradun, Haridwar, Roorkee, Rishikesh, Kotdwar, Haldwani, Kashipur and Rudrapur. The largest voter increase during the past decade has been in the above cities and their districts. There is a strong likelihood that prospective Councilor candidates may try to get new, additional voters in their wards from other regions. Strong checks and balances are needed to prevent any further, mass scale settlement of people into Uttarakhand for political, social, religious, security or any other pre-planned purposes.
10. Based on 82.66 lakh electors in the 18+ age group and another 6.28 lakh beneficiaries in the 15-18 age group based on target vaccination numbers; we estimate that the current population of Uttarakhand would be in excess of 1.35 Crores. If these estimated numbers are correct, the population of Uttarakhand would have increased by 35% over the past 10 years from the last census in 2011. It is crucial for the state to know its accurate population. These numbers are critical for policy formulation, governance and all aspects that relate to delivery of public services to the people of the state.

Decadal Electoral Growth and Demographic Changes State-wide Elector Increase 2012 - 2022

Uttarakhand:

2012 Electors : 63,77,330

2022 Electors: 82,66,644

Absolute Increase in Electors : 18,89,314

Percentage Increase in Electors : 30%

Punjab

2012 Electors : 1,77,64,755

2022 Electors : 2,14,99,804

Absolute Increase in Electors : 37,35,049

Percentage Increase in Electors : 21%

Uttar Pradesh

2012 Electors : 12,74,92,836

2022 Electors : 15,00,00,000+ (Await final figures from Election Commission)

Absolute Increase in Electors : 2,25,00,000+

Percentage Increase in Electors : 18-19% Range

Manipur

2012 Electors : 17,48,399

2022 Electors : 19,98,516

Absolute Increase in Electors : 2,50,117

Percentage Increase in Electors : 14%

Goa

2012 Electors : 10,26,304

2022 Electors : 11,64,224

Absolute Increase in Electors : 1,37,920

Percentage Increase in Electors : 13%

Report Two

Uttarakhand 2012 to 2022 Assembly Elections Demographic Changes, District Updates and Constituency Numbers

Uttarakhand 2012 to 2022 Assembly Elections

Demographic Changes, District Updates and Constituency Numbers



By
Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdruk.in

Uttarakhand 2012 to 2022 Assembly Elections Demographic Changes, District Updates and Constituency Numbers

Top 10 Highlights

01. There has been an unprecedented 30% increase in the number of voters in Uttarakhand during the past 10 years. The total number of voters for the 5th Assembly election in Uttarakhand is 82,66,644 . There were 63,77,330 voters in the 3rd Assembly election in 2012.
02. There is an increase of 18,89,314 (rounded off to 19 Lakhs) voters in the last 10 years between the 2012 to 2022 assembly elections in Uttarakhand.
03. As expected, the largest increase is in the plain districts of Udham Singh Nagar, Dehradun, Nainital and Haridwar. There is a 37% increase in registered voters in 36 seats in the above four districts in 10 years. The highest increase is in Udham Singh Nagar district with 43%.
04. There is a 20% increase in registered voters in 34 seats in the nine hill districts in 10 years. The lowest increase of 13% is in the Almora district.
05. Dharampur in Dehradun district is the biggest constituency in Uttarakhand with 2,07,718 voters. It has also had the highest, 72% increase in its voter numbers in the last 10 years.
06. The lowest increase in numbers of voters is in the Salt constituency in district Almora with a mere 8% increase in the last 10 years.
07. Purola in district Uttarkashi has the least number of voters ie. 74,551 in the 2022 Assembly elections in Uttarakhand.
08. The Top 10 constituencies that have had the largest increase in voter percentages are all in the four plain districts whereas the Bottom 10 constituencies with the least voter increase are all in the nine hill districts.
09. 61% of all voters in Uttarakhand are in 36 seats in the four plain districts whereas the balance 40% voters are in 34 seats in the nine hill districts.
10. The average number of voters in each of the 70 Vidhan Sabha in the 2022 election is 118,095. While the plain seats have an average of 139,191 voters, the hill constituencies have an average of 95,758. Thus, on average there are 43,433 more voters in each Vidhan Sabha in plains compared to hill seats.

Uttarakhand 2012, 2017 and 2022 Voter Analysis Master Data Sheet					
Udham Singh Nagar District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Rudrapur	119500	159301	192723	161
2	Kashipur	117999	151069	177270	150
3	Kicha	95287	120274	139845	147
4	Gadarpur	103062	121329	144150	140
5	Bajpur	109343	136192	152175	139
6	Nanakmatta	90386	108512	124169	137
7	Jaspur	98839	115764	133136	135
8	Sitarganj	91480	107570	123168	135
9	Khatima	91104	106200	122870	135
	Total	917000	1126211	1309506	143
Dehradun District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Dharampur	120998	184569	207718	172
2	Doiwala	107015	142660	167288	156
3	Sahaspur	111900	149413	173115	155
4	Raipur	120008	164986	178153	148
5	Rishikesh	119646	151997	168852	141
6	Dehradun Cantt	102402	127622	135555	132
7	Mussoorie	102702	130488	133066	130
8	Chakrata	86876	99563	106126	122
9	Rajpur Road	98988	119801	119615	121
10	Vikasnagar	93524	109208	108113	116
	Total	1064059	1380307	1497601	141
Nainital District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Kaladhungi	113325	148431	173201	153
2	Ramnagar	90668	108910	122510	135
3	Lalkuwa	90260	111965	121488	135
4	Haldwani	114739	140407	151985	132
5	Nainital	94360	108069	110734	117
6	Bhimtal	86901	96683	101482	117
	Total	590253	714465	781400	132
Note: The 2022 voter numbers are inclusive of 94,471 service voters.					

Uttarakhand 2012, 2017 and 2022 Voter Analysis Master Data Sheet					
Haridwar District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	B.H.E.L Ranipur	113343	146932	164022	145
2	Piran Kaliyar	91933	111058	127274	138
3	Haridwar Rural	96902	120195	131028	135
4	Khanpur	111521	135612	147998	133
5	Jwalapur	90228	108875	116971	130
6	Laksar	80150	95274	102620	128
7	Jhabrera	95231	110668	121725	128
8	Manglore	91769	103802	116225	127
9	Roorkee	96239	113205	121681	126
10	Bhagwanpur	98545	116407	123611	125
11	Haridwar	121669	143519	149219	123
	Total	1087530	1305547	1422374	131
Uttarkashi District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Purola	58640	67496	74551	127
2	Gangotri	71433	82415	88403	124
3	Yamunotri	61863	70393	76982	124
	Total	191936	220304	239936	125
Tehri District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Ghansali	77119	91369	99175	129
2	Dhanolti	67079	76858	86675	129
3	Narendra Nagar	75506	84441	92505	123
4	Devprayag	71105	82105	87719	123
5	Pratapnagar	73031	80678	85980	118
6	Tehri	71981	81167	85206	118
	Total	435821	496618	537260	123
Note: The 2022 voter numbers are inclusive of 94,471 service voters.					

Uttarakhand 2012, 2017 and 2022 Voter Analysis Master Data Sheet					
Pithoragarh District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Pithoragarh	87580	107371	113947	130
2	Dharchula	72755	86441	90798	125
3	Gangolihat	88073	100315	105736	120
4	Didihat	75458	84662	87311	116
	Total	323866	378789	397792	123
Rudraprayag District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Rudraprayg	85984	98657	105849	123
2	Kedarnath	75489	86135	93016	123
	Total	161473	184792	198865	123
Champawat District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Champawat	76311	88781	97430	128
2	Lohaghat	93567	102389	108949	116
	Total	169878	191170	206379	121
Bageshwar District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Bageshwar	99035	112712	120524	122
2	Kapkote	85489	96741	101772	119
	Total	184524	209453	222296	120
Chamoli District					
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Badrinath	85758	101740	104795	122
2	Tharali	90407	103033	106614	118
3	Karnprayag	83807	96579	98042	117
	Total	259972	301352	309451	119
Note: The 2022 voter numbers are inclusive of 94,471 service voters.					

Uttarakhand 2012, 2017 and 2022 Voter Analysis Master Data Sheet

Pauri District

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Kotdwar	87222	103545	117941	135
2	Srinagar	92823	105290	109467	118
3	Yamkeshwar	78147	86774	90838	116
4	Lansdowne	76445	84832	87400	114
5	Pauri	85182	93874	95590	112
6	Chaubattakhal	86551	92610	94620	109
	Total	506370	566925	595856	118

Almora District

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Voters 2012	Voters 2017	Voters 2022	Decadal % Increase 2012 to 2022
1	Almora	78503	88878	91603	117
2	Someshwar	75643	85597	88690	117
3	Jageshwar	81998	90388	94604	115
4	Dwarahat	84170	90620	94056	112
5	Ranikhet	74031	79537	81029	109
6	Salt	90303	95735	97946	108
	Total	484648	530755	547928	113
	Grand Total	6377330	7606688	8266644	130

Note: The 2022 voter numbers are inclusive of 94,471 service voters.

Table One

Uttarakhand District Wide Voter % Increase

S.No	District	Voter % Increase (2012 to 2022)
1	Udham Singh Nagar	43
2	Dehradun	41
3	Nainital	32
4	Haridwar	31
5	Uttarkashi	25
6	Tehri	23
7	Pithoragarh	23
8	Rudraprayag	23
9	Champawat	21
10	Bageshwar	20
11	Chamoli	19
12	Pauri	18
13	Almora	13
	Total	30

Comments and Notes:

1. Voters have increased in Uttarakhand by 30% in one decade (10 years) from the 2012 to 2022 elections (63,77,330 to 82,66,644 voters). The increase in absolute numbers is 18,89,314 (rounded of to 19 Lakh).
2. The highest voter increase is in the plain districts of Udham Singh Nagar (43% with 9 seats), Dehradun (41% with 10 seats) and Nainital (32% with 6 seats).
3. The lowest voter increase is in the hill districts of Chamoli (19% with 3 seats), Pauri (18% with 6 seats) and Almora (13% with 6 seats).

Table Two

Uttarakhand District Wide Voter (Absolute Numbers) Increase

S.No	District	2012 Voters	2022 Voters	Difference	Percentage
1	Udham Singh Nagar	917000	1309506	392506	43
2	Dehradun	1064059	1497601	433542	41
3	Nainital	590253	781400	191147	32
4	Haridwar	1087530	1422374	334844	31
5	Uttarkashi	191936	239936	48000	25
6	Tehri	435821	537260	101439	23
7	Pithoragarh	323866	397792	73926	23
8	Rudraprayag	161473	198865	37392	23
9	Champawat	169878	206379	36501	21
10	Bageshwar	184524	222296	37772	20
11	Chamoli	259972	309451	49479	19
12	Pauri	506370	595856	89486	18
13	Almora	484648	547928	63280	13
	Total	6377330	8266644	1889314	30

Comments and Notes:

1. The number of voters in Uttarakhand has increased by 18,89,314 between the 2012 to 2022 elections. This is a 30% increase in one decade (10 years).
2. The highest increase in the number of voters is in the plain districts of Dehradun (4,33,542 with 10 seats), Udham Singh Nagar (3,92,506 with 9 seats) and Haridwar (3,34,844 with 11 seats).
3. The lowest increase in the number of voters is in the hill districts of Bageshwar (37,772 with 2 seats), Rudraprayag (37,392 with 2 seats) and Champawat (36,501 with 2 seats).

Table Three
Uttarakhand Top 10 and Bottom 10 Constituencies

Top 10 Constituencies with Highest Voter % Increase
2012 to 2022

- 01 Dharampur: 72%
- 02 Rudrapur: 61%
- 03 Doiwala: 56%
- 04 Sahaspur: 55%
- 05 Kaladhungi: 53%
- 06 Kashipur: 50%
- 07 Raipur: 48%
- 08 Kicha: 47%
- 09 BHEL Ranipur: 45%
- 10 Rishikesh: 41%

Bottom 10 Constituencies with Lowest Voter % Increase
2012 to 2022

- 01 Lohaghat: 16%
- 02 Didihat: 16%
- 03 Yamkeshwar: 16%
- 04 Jageshwar: 15%
- 05 Lansdowne: 14%
- 06 Dwarahat: 12%
- 07 Pauri: 12%
- 08 Chaubattakhal: 09%
- 09 Ranikhet: 09%
- 10 Salt: 08%

Table Four
Vidhan Sabha Population Categories – 2022 Assembly Elections

S.No	Vidhan Sabha Voter Category (Population)	No. of Vidhan Sabha
1	More than 2 Lakh	1
2	1.75 Lakh – 2 Lakh	3
3	1.50 Lakh – 1.75 Lakh	7
4	1.25 Lakh – 1.50 Lakh	9
5	1 Lakh – 1.25 Lakh	26
6	75000 – 1 Lakh	23
7	Below 75000	1
	Total	70

Comments and Notes:

1. With 2,07,718 voters, Dharampur is the biggest constituency in Uttarakhand while Purola with 74,551 voters is the smallest constituency.
2. The highest - 26 of the 70 seats – are in the 1 lakh to 1.25 lakh voter category.
3. The second highest - 23 of the 70 seats - are in the 75000 to 1 lakh voter category.
4. The third highest – 9 of the 70 seats - are in the 1.25 to 1.50 lakh voter category.

Table Five Uttarakhand Plain District and Hill District Comparison

Plain Districts

S.No	Plain District	2012	2022	Difference	Percentage
1	Udham Singh Nagar	917000	1309506	392506	43
2	Dehradun	1064059	1497601	433542	41
3	Nainital	590253	781400	191147	32
4	Haridwar	1087530	1422374	334844	31
	Total	3658842	5010881	1352039	37

Hill Districts

S.No	Hill District	2012	2022	Difference	Percentage
1	Uttarkashi	191936	239936	48000	25
2	Tehri	435821	537260	101439	23
3	Pithoragarh	323866	397792	73926	23
4	Rudraprayag	161473	198865	37392	23
5	Champawat	169878	206379	36501	21
6	Bageshwar	184524	222296	37772	20
7	Chamoli	259972	309451	49479	19
8	Pauri	506370	595856	89486	18
9	Almora	484648	547928	63280	13
	Total	2718488	3255763	537275	20

Comments and Notes:

- 61% voters are in the 36 seats in the four plain districts of Uttarakhand.
- 39% voters are in the 34 seats in the nine hill districts.
- On an average, there has been a 37% increase in voters in the four plain districts while the increase is 20% in the nine hill districts.
- On an average, there are 118095 voters in each Vidhan Sabha seat in Uttarakhand.
- On an average, there are 139191 voters in each Vidhan Sabha in 36 seats in four plain districts.
- On an average, there are 95758 voters in each Vidhan Sabha in 34 seats in nine hill districts.

Report Three

Uttarakhand Electoral Data Analysis 2022 Vidhan Sabha Elections

UTTARAKHAND ELECTORAL DATA ANALYSIS

2022 VIDHAN SABHA ELECTIONS



Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdcuk.in

Uttarakhand 2022 Electoral Data

Top 10 Highlights

Top 10 Highlights

1. The enclosed analysis is based on the final electoral data released by Uttarakhand authorities on Wednesday, February 16, 2022. The final polling percentage as per the above data is 65.37%.
2. The highest polling percentage was in the districts of Haridwar (74.77%), Udham Singh Nagar (72.27%), and Uttarkashi (68.48%).
3. The lowest polling percentage was in the hill districts of Almora (53.71%), Pauri (54.87%) and Tehri (56.34%).
4. Haridwar Rural (81.94%), Bhagwanpur (79.92%) and Laksar (79.51%) in the plain district of Haridwar were the three constituencies with the highest voting turnout in Uttarakhand. Thus, voter turnout was in 79-82% range in the three constituencies.
5. Chaubatakhal (45.33%) in Pauri district, Salt (45.92%) in Almora district and Lansdowne (48.12%) in Pauri district had the lowest voter turnout. Thus, voter turnout was in the 45-48% range in the three constituencies.
6. With 49.99% voting turnout, Pratapnagar in Tehri district also had a voting percentage below 50%. Thus, there were four hill constituencies in the state with voter turnout below 50%.
7. 76% hill constituencies (26 out of 34) in the nine hill districts had a vote share that was lower than that of the state average of 65.37%.
8. Three constituencies in the city of Dehradun namely Rajpur Road, Dharampur and Dehradun Cantt. had voting below 60%. Mussoorie barely scraped through the 60% benchmark with 60.01% voting turnout.
9. In most hill constituencies, the total average number of voters is in the 40000 to 60000 range. The total electors are quite low in the hill constituencies and on top of that, the vote share is very low. While this needs further examination and ground research; it can be safely assumed that one of the biggest reasons for the low voter turnout in the hill districts is migration.
10. The Election Commission needs to evaluate its own performance as to why the voting continues to be low in Uttarakhand. There is stagnation in voting since the 2012 elections. The Election Commission needs to relook at the election date/day in the state, engage regularly (round the year) with all stakeholders and should do targeted campaigns to increase vote shares. It also needs to look at innovative practices to increase voting particularly in the hill constituencies.

Table 1

Uttarakhand 2017 and 2022 Vidhan Sabha Elections Overview

S.No.	District	2017 Voting %	2022 Voting %	Voting % Gap 2017 to 2022
1	Haridwar	75.68%	74.77%	-0.91% (Down)
2	Udham Singh Nagar	76.01%	72.27%	-3.74% (Down)
3	Uttarkashi	69.38%	68.48%	-0.90% (Down)
4	Nainital	66.88%	66.35%	-0.53% (Down)
5	Dehradun	63.53%	63.69%	+0.16% (Up)
6	Rudraprayag	62.31%	63.16%	+0.85% (Up)
7	Bageshwar	61.11%	63.00%	+1.89% (Up)
8	Champawat	61.43%	62.66%	+1.23% (Up)
9	Chamoli	59.12%	62.38%	+3.26% (Up)
10	Pithoragarh	60.18%	60.88%	+0.70% (Up)
11	Tehri	55.68%	56.34%	+0.66% (Up)
12	Pauri	54.86%	54.87%	+0.01% (Up)
13	Almora	53.07%	53.71%	+0.64% (Up)
	Uttarakhand (Total)	65.56%	65.37%	-0.19% (Down)

Districts Voting % Reduced (2017 to 2022):

1. Udham Singh Nagar: -3.74%
2. Haridwar: -0.91%
3. Uttarkashi: -0.90%
4. Nainital: -0.53%

Districts Voting % Increased (2017 to 2022):

1. Chamoli: +3.26%
2. Bageshwar: +1.89%
3. Champawat: +1.23%
4. Rudraprayag: +0.85%
5. Pithoragarh: +0.70%
6. Tehri: +0.66%
7. Almora: +0.64%
8. Dehradun: +0.16%
9. Pauri: +0.01%

Notes and Comments:

As is evident, voting turnout has reduced in 4 districts and increased in 9 districts in 2022 compared to the 2017 voting. The districts where voting has reduced are the ones that have reported the highest voting viz Haridwar, Udham Singh Nagar, Uttarkashi and Nainital. Infact, the biggest drop of - (minus) 3.74% is in Udham Singh Nagar district that had the highest voting turnout in the 2017 Vidhan Sabha elections.

In contrast to the above, it is good to see marginal increases in voting percentages in the hill districts in 2022 compared to the 2017 Vidhan Sabha elections. The biggest change is in Chamoli district with + (plus) 3.26% increase. Bageshwar and Champawat districts have also reported a + (plus) 1% increase in voting turnout.

Table 2 – Page 1
District Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022

District : Haridwar					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Haridwar Rural	Gen	130882	107245	81.94
2	Bhagwanpur	SC	123476	98687	79.92
3	Laksar	Gen	102483	81486	79.51
4	Jwalapur	SC	116836	92712	79.35
5	Jhabrera	SC	121491	95273	78.42
6	Piran Kaliyar	Gen	127118	98445	77.44
7	Khanpur	Gen	147459	113321	76.85
8	Manglore	Gen	115978	88082	75.95
9	B.H.E.L Ranipur	Gen	163883	113216	69.08
10	Haridwar	Gen	149108	96754	64.89
11	Roorkee	Gen	121468	76647	63.10
	Total		1420182	1061868	74.77
District : Udham Singh Nagar					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Sitarganj	Gen	122713	96506	78.64
2	Khatima	Gen	120145	92063	76.63
3	Gadarpur	Gen	143746	108733	75.64
4	Jaspur	Gen	132654	98685	74.39
5	Nanakmatta	ST	123694	91729	74.16
6	Bajpur	SC	151666	109253	72.04
7	Kiccha	Gen	139525	99990	71.66
8	Rudrapur	Gen	192593	131419	68.24
9	Kashipur	Gen	176740	113579	64.26
	Total		1303476	941957	72.27
District : Uttarkashi					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Purola	SC	73788	51211	69.40
2	Yamunotri	Gen	75821	51653	68.12
3	Gangotri	Gen	86938	59127	68.01
	Total		236547	161991	68.48

Table 2 – Page 2
District Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022

District : Nainital					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Lalkuan	Gen	120392	87360	72.56
2	Ramnagar	Gen	121868	84276	69.15
3	Kaladhungi	Gen	171639	117137	68.25
4	Haldwani	Gen	151396	99398	65.65
5	Bhimtal	Gen	100634	65850	65.44
6	Nainital	SC	109970	60757	55.25
	Total		775899	514778	66.35
District : Dehradun					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Vikasnagar	Gen	107308	81280	75.74
2	Sahaspur	Gen	171762	125345	72.98
3	Chakrata	ST	105064	71699	68.24
4	Doiwala	Gen	165776	112819	68.06
5	Rishikesh	Gen	167924	104471	62.21
6	Raipur	Gen	177176	108667	61.33
7	Mussoorie	Gen	131816	79107	60.01
8	Rajpur Road	SC	119301	68895	57.75
9	Dharampur	Gen	206737	118572	57.35
10	Dehradun Cantt	Gen	134911	76754	56.89
	Total		1487775	947609	63.69
District : Rudraprayag					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Kedarnath	Gen	89829	59673	66.43
2	Rudraprayag	Gen	103675	62553	60.34
	Total		193504	122226	63.16

Table 2 – Page 3
District Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022

District : Bageshwar					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Kapkot	Gen	99309	63268	63.71
2	Bageshwar	SC	118311	73823	62.40
	Total		217620	137091	63.00
District : Champawat					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Champawat	Gen	96016	64134	66.80
2	Lohaghat	Gen	107240	63224	58.96
	Total		203256	127358	62.66
District : Chamoli					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Badrinath	Gen	102237	67122	65.65
2	Karnprayag	Gen	94018	57393	61.04
3	Tharali	SC	102789	62021	60.34
	Total		299044	186536	62.38
District : Pithoragarh					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Didihat	Gen	82849	53031	64.01
2	Dharchula	Gen	87747	55056	62.74
3	Pithoragarh	Gen	109705	68185	62.15
4	Gangolihat	SC	102791	56940	55.39
	Total		383092	233212	60.88

Table 2 – Page 4
District Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022

District : Tehri					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Dhanolti	Gen	86036	56689	65.89
2	Narendra Nagar	Gen	91540	56923	62.18
3	Tehri	Gen	84207	46337	55.03
4	Devprayag	Gen	86070	47291	54.94
5	Ghansali	SC	98409	49579	50.38
6	Pratapnagar	Gen	85229	42609	49.99
	Total		531491	299428	56.34
District : Pauri Garhwal					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Kotdwar	Gen	115891	76396	65.92
2	Srinagar	Gen	107347	64093	59.71
3	Yamkeshwar	Gen	88734	47861	53.94
4	Pauri	SC	93158	48275	51.82
5	Lansdowne	Gen	83460	40159	48.12
6	Chaubattakhal	Gen	91136	41315	45.33
	Total		579726	318099	54.87
District : Almora					
S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Almora	Gen	90372	53495	59.19
2	Someshwar	SC	87411	49756	56.92
3	Jageshwar	Gen	93523	52442	56.07
4	Dwarahat	Gen	92567	48802	52.72
5	Ranikhet	Gen	79653	41258	51.80
6	Salt	Gen	97035	44556	45.92
	Total		540561	290309	53.71
	Grand Total		8172173	5342462	65.37

Table 3 – Page 1**Constituency Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022**

S.No	Constituency	District	Total Elector	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Haridwar Rural	Haridwar	130882	107245	81.94
2	Bhagwanpur	Haridwar	123476	98687	79.92
3	Laksar	Haridwar	102483	81486	79.51
4	Jwalapur	Haridwar	116836	92712	79.35
5	Sitarganj	U.S.Nagar	122713	96506	78.64
6	Jhabrera	Haridwar	121491	95273	78.42
7	Piran Kaliyar	Haridwar	127118	98445	77.44
8	Khanpur	Haridwar	147459	113321	76.85
9	Khatima	U.S.Nagar	120145	92063	76.63
10	Manglore	Haridwar	115978	88082	75.95
11	Vikasnagar	Dehradun	107308	81280	75.74
12	Gadarpur	U.S.Nagar	143746	108733	75.64
13	Jaspur	U.S.Nagar	132654	98685	74.39
14	Nanakmatta	U.S.Nagar	123694	91729	74.16
15	Sahaspur	Dehradun	171762	125345	72.98
16	Lalkuan	Nainital	120392	87360	72.56
17	Bajpur	U.S.Nagar	151666	109253	72.04
18	Kiccha	U.S.Nagar	139525	99990	71.66
19	Purola	Uttarkashi	73788	51211	69.4
20	Ramnagar	Nainital	121868	84276	69.15
21	B.H.E.L Ranipur	Haridwar	163883	113216	69.08
22	Kaladhungi	Nainital	171639	117137	68.25
23	Rudrapur	U.S.Nagar	192593	131419	68.24
24	Chakrata	Dehradun	105064	71699	68.24
25	Yamunotri	Uttarkashi	75821	51653	68.12
26	Doiwala	Dehradun	165776	112819	68.06
27	Gangotri	Uttarkashi	86938	59127	68.01
28	Champawat	Champawat	96016	64134	66.8
29	Kedarnath	Rudraprayag	89829	59673	66.43
30	Kotdwar	Pauri	115891	76396	65.92
31	Dhanolti	Tehri	86036	56689	65.89
32	Haldwani	Nainital	151396	99398	65.65
33	Badrinath	Chamoli	102237	67122	65.65
34	Bhimtal	Nainital	100634	65850	65.44
35	Haridwar	Haridwar	149108	96754	64.89
36	Kashipur	U.S.Nagar	176740	113579	64.26
37	Didihat	Pithoragarh	82849	53031	64.01
38	Kapkot	Bageshwar	99309	63268	63.71
39	Roorkee	Haridwar	121468	76647	63.1
40	Dharchula	Pithoragarh	87747	55056	62.74

Table 3 – Page 2

Constituency Wide Polling Percentage Elections 2022

S.No	Consituency	District	Total Elector	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
41	Bageshwar	Bageshwar	118311	73823	62.4
42	Rishikesh	Dehradun	167924	104471	62.21
43	Narendra Nagar	Tehri	91540	56923	62.18
44	Pithoragarh	Pithoragarh	109705	68185	62.15
45	Raipur	Dehradun	177176	108667	61.33
46	Karnprayag	Chamoli	94018	57393	61.04
47	Rudraprayag	Rudraprayag	103675	62553	60.34
48	Tharali	Chamoli	102789	62021	60.34
49	Mussoorie	Dehradun	131816	79107	60.01
50	Srinagar	Pauri	107347	64093	59.71
51	Almora	Almora	90372	53495	59.19
52	Lohaghat	Champawat	107240	63224	58.96
53	Rajpur Road	Dehradun	119301	68895	57.75
54	Dharampur	Dehradun	206737	118572	57.35
55	Someshwar	Almora	87411	49756	56.92
56	Dehradun Cantt	Dehradun	134911	76754	56.89
57	Jageshwar	Almora	93523	52442	56.07
58	Gangolihat	Pithoragarh	102791	56940	55.39
59	Nainital	Nainital	109970	60757	55.25
60	Tehri	Tehri	84207	46337	55.03
61	Devprayag	Tehri	86070	47291	54.94
62	Yamkeshwar	Pauri	88734	47861	53.94
63	Dwarahat	Almora	92567	48802	52.72
64	Pauri	Pauri	93158	48275	51.82
65	Ranikhet	Almora	79653	41258	51.8
66	Ghansali	Tehri	98409	49579	50.38
67	Pratapnagar	Tehri	85229	42609	49.99
68	Lansdowne	Pauri	83460	40159	48.12
69	Salt	Almora	97035	44556	45.92
70	Chaubattakhal	Pauri	91136	41315	45.33
	Total		8172173	5342462	65.37

Category of Polling Percentage

1. 80% and above = 1

2. 70% to 80% = 17

3. 60% to 70% = 31

4. 50% to 60% = 17

5. Below 50% = 4

Table 4 – Page 1

**Top Ten and Bottom Ten Constituency Polling Percentages
Uttarakhand Election 2022**

**Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdruk.in**

Top Ten Constituencies with Highest Polling Percentage		
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Polling Percentage
1	Haridwar Rural	81.94
2	Bhagwanpur	79.92
3	Laksar	79.51
4	Jwalapur	79.35
5	Sitarganj	78.64
6	Jhabrera	78.42
7	Piran Kaliyar	77.44
8	Khanpur	76.85
9	Khatima	76.63
10	Manglore	75.95

Bottom Ten Constituencies with Lowest Polling Percentage		
S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Polling Percentage
1	Devprayag	54.94
2	Yamkeshwar	53.94
3	Dwarahat	52.72
4	Pauri	51.82
5	Ranikhet	51.8
6	Ghansali	50.38
7	Pratapnagar	49.99
8	Lansdowne	48.12
9	Salt	45.92
10	Chaubattakhal	45.33

Report Four

Migration and Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

MIGRATION & UTTARAKHAND 2017 ELECTORAL DATA



By
Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdruk.in

Migration & Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

SDC Foundation

Dehradun, Uttarakhand

www.sdcuk.in

Migration is one of the biggest societal challenges in the Himalayan state of Uttarakhand. For as long as one can remember, the issue of migration has been the bane of our state. The COVID-19 pandemic brought home the specter of migration, as lakhs returned back to their roots, to their homes and to their villages in the masses.

To better grasp the phenomenon of migration and why it evokes such strong reactions in the mountain state, one needs to go back to the long drawn agitation in the 90s that defined the struggle for a brighter dawn and a better tomorrow. 42 lives were lost during this period as women and men, young and old; all came out in solidarity demanding the creation of a separate state. It was felt that an independent state, far away from the babudom of Lucknow would provide greater opportunities, improve healthcare and ensure higher standards of education and living for the inhabitants of the region.

Today, it's a well acknowledged fact across the social, political and business spectrum that the state has failed to live up to its vast potential and has witnessed unabated migration. A myriad of reasons are responsible for the current state of affairs. Lack of employment, inadequate education and limited health-care facilities have exacerbated the prolonged exodus. One of the many consequences of this phenomenon is the low voter turnout in 34 of the total 70 constituencies in the nine hill districts; viz. Pauri, Tehri, Chamoli, Uttarkashi, Rudraprayag, Almora, Pithoragarh, Champawat and Bageshwar in Uttarakhand.

The enclosed electoral data summary is an attempt to look at the past 2017 Uttarakhand assembly elections from the point of view of voter turnout. The data and its analysis examine voter turnout percentages both from a district and from a constituency perspective. In the days to come, we will also look at data from the 2012 elections and look for key highlights from a migration perspective.

The electoral numbers can only provide food for thought and not necessarily offer any solutions. Yet, they are a mirror to the issue of migration that dominates the policy discourse of the state. In summation, the electoral data reaffirms the demand for adequate, long term solutions that facilitate reverse migration in the state of Uttarakhand.

Migration & Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

Top 10 Highlights

1. The average voting turnout in Uttarakhand in the 2017 Vidhan Sabha election was 65.60%. Elections were held on February 15, 2017 in 70 seats of which 36 are in the four plain districts of Haridwar, Dehradun, Udham Singh Nagar and Nainital. The remaining 34 seats are in the nine hill districts of Uttarakhand.
2. The highest polling percentage was in the districts of Udham Singh Nagar (76.01%), Haridwar (75.68%) and Uttarkashi (69.38%).
3. The lowest polling percentage was in the hill districts of Almora (53.07%), Pauri (54.86%) and Tehri (55.68%).
4. Laksar (81.95%), Haridwar Rural (81.76%) and Piran Kaliyar (81.6%) in the plain district of Haridwar were three constituencies with the highest voting turnout in Uttarakhand. Thus, voter turnout was in 81-82% range in the three constituencies.
5. Salt (46.01%) in Almora district and Chaubatakhal (46.91%) and Lansdowne (47.87%) in Pauri district had the lowest voter turnout. Thus, voter turnout was in the 46-48% range in the three constituencies.
6. With 49.19% voting turnout, Ghansali in Tehri district also had a voting percentage below 50%. Thus, there were four hill constituencies in the state with voter turnout below 50%.
7. 82% hill constituencies (28 out of 34) in the nine hill districts had a vote share that was lower than that of the state average of 65.60%.
8. All five constituencies in the city of Dehradun, viz Raipur (59.77%), Mussoorie (58.06%), Rajpur Road (58.01%), Dharampur (57.56%) and Dehradun Cantt (57.14%) had voting below 60%.
9. In most hill constituencies, the total average number of voters is in the 45000 to 60000 range. The total electors are quite low in the hill constituencies and on top of that, the vote share is very low. While this needs further examination and ground research; it can be safely assumed that one of the biggest reasons for the low voter turnout in the hill districts is migration.
10. With Covid curbs and limitations of technology; Election Commission needs to make special efforts to increase the voting percentage in the hill constituencies in Uttarakhand.

**Uttarakhand 2017 Election
&
District Wide Polling Percentage Overview**

S.No	District	Voting Percentage
1	Udham Singh Nagar	76.01%
2	Haridwar	75.68%
3	Uttarkashi	69.38%
4	Nainital	66.88%
5	Dehradun	63.53%
6	Rudraprayag	62.31%
7	Champawat	61.43%
8	Bageshwar	61.11%
9	Pithoragarh	60.18%
10	Chamoli	59.12%
11	Tehri	55.68%
12	Pauri	54.86%
13	Almora	53.07%
	Uttarakhand (Total)	65.60%

Top Three Constituencies with Highest Polling Percentage

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Polling Percentage
1.	Laksar	81.95%
2.	Haridwar Rural	81.76%
3.	Piran Kaliyar	81.6%

Bottom Three Constituencies with Lowest Polling Percentage

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Polling Percentage
1.	Lansdowne	47.87%
2.	Chaubattakhal	46.91%
3.	Salt	46.01%

Section A
District Wide Polling Percentage

District : Udham Singh Nagar

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Sitarganj	Gen	107570	87520	81.36
2	Gadarpur	Gen	121329	98147	80.89
3	Jaspur	Gen	115764	91869	79.36
4	Bajpur	SC	136192	104237	76.54
5	Khatima	Gen	106200	81223	76.48
6	Nanakmatta	ST	108512	82839	76.34
7	Rudrapur	Gen	159301	116899	73.38
8	Kiccha	Gen	120274	88260	73.38
9	Kashipur	Gen	151069	105012	69.51
	Total		1126211	856006	76.01

District : Haridwar

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
10	Laksar	Gen	95274	78075	81.95
11	Haridwar Rural	Gen	120195	98273	81.76
12	Piran Kaliyar	Gen	111058	90619	81.6
13	Bhagwanpur	SC	116407	93158	80.03
14	Jwalapur	SC	108875	86975	79.89
15	Khanpur	Gen	135612	107136	79
16	Manglore	Gen	103802	81271	78.29
17	Jhabrera	SC	110668	84462	76.32
18	B.H.E.L Ranipur	Gen	146932	103974	70.76
19	Haridwar	Gen	143519	93681	65.27
20	Roorkee	Gen	113205	72512	64.05
	Total		1308247	990136	75.68

District : Uttarkashi

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
21	Purola	SC	67496	49532	73.39
22	Gangotri	Gen	82415	56028	67.98
23	Yamunotri	Gen	70393	47276	67.16
	Total		220304	152836	69.38

Section A : Continued
District Wide Polling Percentage

District : Nainital

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
24	Lalkuan	Gen	111965	81029	72.37
25	Ramnagar	Gen	108910	77563	71.22
26	Kaladhungi	Gen	148431	102104	68.79
27	Haldwani	Gen	140407	94312	67.17
28	Bhimtal	Gen	96683	61373	63.48
29	Nainital	SC	108069	61484	56.89
	Total		714465	477865	66.88

District : Dehradun

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
30	Sahaspur	Gen	149413	109006	72.96
31	Chakrata	ST	99563	72386	72.7
32	Vikasnagar	Gen	109208	77211	70.7
33	Doiwala	Gen	142660	96779	67.84
34	Rishikesh	Gen	151997	98486	64.79
35	Raipur	Gen	164986	98620	59.77
36	Mussoorie	Gen	130488	75756	58.06
37	Rajpur Road	SC	119801	69495	58.01
38	Dharampur	Gen	184569	106239	57.56
39	Dehradun Cantt	Gen	127622	72928	57.14
	Total		1380307	876906	63.53

District : Rudraprayag

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
40	Kedarnath	Gen	86135	56653	65.77
41	Rudraprayag	Gen	98657	58488	59.28
	Total		184792	115141	62.31

District : Champawat

S.N o	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
42	Champawat	Gen	88781	58979	66.43
43	Lohaghat	Gen	102389	58450	57.09
	Total		191170	117429	61.43

Section A : Continued
District Wide Polling Percentage

District : Bageshwar

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
44	Kapkot	Gen	96741	60252	62.28
45	Bageshwar	SC	112712	67751	60.11
	Total		209453	128003	61.11

District : Pithoragarh

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
46	Dharchula	Gen	86441	54124	62.61
47	Pithoragarh	Gen	107371	67007	62.41
48	Didihat	Gen	84662	51738	61.11
49	Gangolihat	SC	100315	55092	54.92
	Total		378789	227961	60.18

District : Chamoli

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
50	Badrinath	Gen	101740	63933	62.84
51	Tharali	SC	103033	59748	57.99
52	Karnprayag	Gen	96579	54475	56.4
	Total		301352	178156	59.12

District : Tehri

S.No	Vidhansabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
53	Dhanolti	Gen	76858	49524	64.44
54	Narendra Nagar	Gen	84441	52562	62.25
55	Tehri	Gen	81167	44386	54.68
56	Devprayag	Gen	82105	43756	53.29
57	Pratapnagar	Gen	80678	41341	51.24
58	Ghansali	SC	91369	44945	49.19
	Total		496618	276514	55.68

Section A : Continued
District Wide Polling Percentage

District : Pauri Garhwal

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
59	Kotdwar	Gen	103545	71106	68.67
60	Srinagar	Gen	105290	60656	57.61
61	Yamkeshwar	Gen	86774	46155	53.19
62	Pauri	SC	93874	49062	52.26
63	Lansdowne	Gen	84832	40613	47.87
64	Chaubattakhal	Gen	92610	43442	46.91
	Total		566925	311034	54.86

District : Almora

S.No	Vidhan Sabha	Gen/SC/ST	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
65	Almora	Gen	88878	52316	58.86
66	Jageshwar	Gen	90388	51066	56.5
67	Someshwar	SC	85597	46118	53.88
68	Dwarahat	Gen	90620	46963	51.82
69	Ranikhet	Gen	79537	41173	51.77
70	Salt	Gen	95735	44044	46.01
	Total		530755	281680	53.07

Section B

Constituency Wide Polling Percentage

S.No	Constituency	District	Total Electors	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
1	Laksar	Haridwar	95274	78075	81.95
2	Haridwar Rural	Haridwar	120195	98273	81.76
3	Piran Kaliyar	Haridwar	111058	90619	81.6
4	Sitarganj	U.S.Nagar	107570	87520	81.36
5	Gadarpur	U.S.Nagar	121329	98147	80.89
6	Bhagwanpur	Haridwar	116407	93158	80.03
7	Jwalapur	Haridwar	108875	86975	79.89
8	Jaspur	U.S.Nagar	115764	91869	79.36
9	Khanpur	Haridwar	135612	107136	79
10	Manglore	Haridwar	103802	81271	78.29
11	Bajpur	U.S.Nagar	136192	104237	76.54
12	Khatima	U.S.Nagar	106200	81223	76.48
13	Nanakmatta	U.S.Nagar	108512	82839	76.34
14	Jhabrera	Haridwar	110668	84462	76.32
15	Purola	Uttarkashi	67496	49532	73.39
16	Rudrapur	U.S.Nagar	159301	116899	73.38
17	Kiccha	U.S.Nagar	120274	88260	73.38
18	Sahaspur	Dehradun	149413	109006	72.96
19	Chakrata	Dehradun	99563	72386	72.7
20	Lalkuan	Nainital	111965	81029	72.37
21	Ramnagar	Nainital	108910	77563	71.22
22	B.H.E.L Ranipur	Haridwar	146932	103974	70.76
23	Vikasnagar	Dehradun	109208	77211	70.7
24	Kashipur	U.S.Nagar	151069	105012	69.51
25	Kaladhungi	Nainital	148431	102104	68.79
26	Kotdwar	Pauri	103545	71106	68.67
27	Gangotri	Uttarkashi	82415	56028	67.98
28	Doiwala	Dehradun	142660	96779	67.84
29	Haldwani	Nainital	140407	94312	67.17
30	Yamunotri	Uttarkashi	70393	47276	67.16
31	Champawat	Champawat	88781	58979	66.43
32	Kedarnath	Rudrapraya g	86135	56653	65.77
33	Haridwar	Haridwar	143519	93681	65.27
34	Rishikesh	Dehradun	151997	98486	64.79
35	Dhanolti	Tehri	76858	49524	64.44
36	Roorkee	Hardwar	113205	72512	64.05
37	Bhimtal	Nainital	96683	61373	63.48
38	Badrinath	Chamoli	101740	63933	62.84
39	Dharchula	Pithoragarh	86441	54124	62.61
40	Pithoragarh	Pithoragarh	107371	67007	62.41

Section B : Continued
Constituency Wide Polling Percentage

S.N o	Consituency	District	Total Elector	Total Voters	Polling Percentage %
41	Kapkot	Bageshwar	96741	60252	62.28
42	Narendra Nagar	Tehri	84441	52562	62.25
43	Didihat	Pithoragarh	84662	51738	61.11
44	Bageshwar	Bageshwar	112712	67751	60.11
45	Raipur	Dehradun	164986	98620	59.77
46	Rudraprayag	Rudrapraya g	98657	58488	59.28
47	Almora	Almora	88878	52316	58.86
48	Mussoorie	Dehradun	130488	75756	58.06
49	Rajpur Road	Dehradun	119801	69495	58.01
50	Tharali	Chamoli	103033	59748	57.99
51	Srinagar	Pauri	105290	60656	57.61
52	Dharampur	Dehradun	184569	106239	57.56
53	Dehradun Cantt	Dehradun	127622	72928	57.14
54	Lohaghat	Champawat	102389	58450	57.09
55	Nainital	Nainital	108069	61484	56.89
56	Jageshwar	Almora	90388	51066	56.5
57	Karnprayag	Chamoli	96579	54475	56.4
58	Gangolihat	Pithoragarh	100315	55092	54.92
59	Tehri	Tehri	81167	44386	54.68
60	Someshwar	Almora	85597	46118	53.88
61	Devprayag	Tehri	82105	43756	53.29
62	Yamkeshwar	Pauri	86774	46155	53.19
63	Pauri	Pauri	93874	49062	52.26
64	Dwarahat	Almora	90620	46963	51.82
65	Ranikhet	Almora	79537	41173	51.77
66	Pratapnagar	Tehri	80678	41341	51.24
67	Ghansali	Tehri	91369	44945	49.19
68	Lansdowne	Pauri	84832	40613	47.87
69	Chaubattakhal	Pauri	92610	43442	46.91
70	Salt	Almora	95735	44044	46.01
	Total		7609388	4989667	65.56

Category of Polling Percentage

1. 80% + Voting Percentage = 6 Constituencies
 2. 70% to 80% Voting Percentage = 17 Constituencies
 3. 60% to 70% Voting Percentage = 21 Constituencies
 4. 50% to 60% Voting Percentage = 22 Constituencies
 5. Below 50% Voting Percentage = 4 Constituencies
- Total 70 Constituencies

Report Five

Women Participation & Uttarakhand 2022 Electoral Data

WOMEN PARTICIPATION & UTTARAKHAND

2022 ELECTORAL DATA



Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
www.sdruk.in

Women Participation & Uttarakhand 2022 Electoral Data

SDC Foundation
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Top 10 Highlights

1. The average voting turnout in Uttarakhand in the 2022 Vidhan Sabha election was 65.37%. Elections were held on February 14, 2022 in 70 seats of which 36 are in the four plain districts of Haridwar, Dehradun, Udham Singh Nagar and Nainital. The remaining 34 seats are in the nine hill districts of Uttarakhand.
2. The number of men electors is greater than women electors in 28 of the 34 hill constituencies. It is only in 6 constituencies viz. Rudraprayag, Kedarnath, Pithoragarh, Didihat, Dharchula and Dwarahat that women electors outnumber the men.
3. There were a total of 16,23,951 men electors of which 8,59,642 cast their votes with a voting percentage of 52.94% in 34 constituencies in nine hill districts. Thus, on an average half the men electors in the hill districts did not vote in the 2022 election.
4. There were a total of 15,60,869 women electors of which 9,91,748 cast their votes with a voting percentage of 63.54% in 34 constituencies in nine hill districts. Thus, on an average two out of three women cast their votes in the hill districts in the 2022 election.
5. On 33 of the above 34 hill seats, women voters have outnumbered men voters. It is only in the assembly seat of Purola in Uttarkashi district that there are 1260 more men voters compared to women voters.
6. There were an average of 29,169 women voters in each hill assembly. In comparison, only 25,284 men have voted in each hill assembly.
7. 3,885 more women than men have voted on an average in each of the 34 assembly constituencies.
8. The biggest difference amongst women and men voters is in the constituencies of Ghansali (9,541 votes), Rudraprayag (9,381) and Bageshwar (7,943).
9. The gap between women and men voters has narrowed in the 2022 elections compared to 2017 elections. In 2022 while there are 3,885 more women than men voters on an average in each of 34 assembly constituencies, there was a difference of 5,116 more women than men voters on average in each hill seat in the 2017 elections. It may be assumed that post Covid the number of men staying back in the hill constituencies has increased. However, only a detailed research and field study can prove if this hypothesis is correct.
10. Apart from the above 33 hill constituencies, there are 5 more constituencies in the plain districts where women voters have outnumbered men voters, These 5 constituencies are Kaladhungi, Nanakmatta, Khatima, Doiwala and Rishikesh . Thus, of the total 70 constituencies in Uttarakhand, women have voted in larger numbers than men on 38 assembly seats in the 2022 assembly election.

34 Constituencies & Nine Hill Districts : Uttarakhand 2022 Election						
Women & Men Electoral and Voter Participation Overview						
A.	Uttarkashi	Men		Women		
S. No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
1.	Gangotri	44658	27784	42279	30143	2359
2.	Yamunotri	38819	24474	37002	26369	1895
3.	Purola	38007	25906	35781	24646	1260
	Total	121484	78164	115062	81158	2994
B.	Chamoli	Men		Women		
S. No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
4.	Karanprayag	47134	25246	46884	31425	6179
5.	Tharali	52915	28572	49874	32578	4006
6.	Badrinath	52684	31931	49551	33651	1720
	Total	152733	85749	146309	97654	11905
C.	Rudraprayag	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
7.	Rudraprayag	51607	26017	52068	35398	9381
8.	Kedarnath	44125	26602	45704	31815	5213
	Total	95732	52619	97772	67213	14594
D.	Tehri	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
9.	Ghansali	49882	19701	48526	29242	9541
10.	Partap Nagar	43256	17579	41973	24380	6801
11.	Devprayag	43738	20361	42328	26172	5811
12.	Tehri	43368	20829	40839	24639	3810
13.	Narendr Nagar	47908	26793	43631	29423	2630
14.	Dhanolti	44328	26997	41708	29230	2233
	Total	272480	132260	259005	163086	30826

34 Constituencies & Nine Hill Districts : Uttarakhand 2022 Election						
Women & Men Electoral and Voter Participation Overview						
E.	Pauri	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
15.	Srinagar	54792	29016	52552	34681	5665
16.	Chaubattakhal	45677	18498	45459	22529	4031
17.	Kotdwar	58001	36220	57888	39724	3504
18.	Pauri	46951	22331	46205	25414	3083
19.	Lansdowne	44352	19033	39107	20827	1794
20.	Yamkeshwar	46543	23375	42189	24152	777
	Total	296316	148473	283400	167327	18854
F.	Pithoragarh	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
21.	Pithoragarh	54398	31974	55307	35329	3355
22.	Gangolihat	52926	26753	49864	29670	2917
23.	Didihat	40661	25271	42188	27340	2069
24.	Dharchula	43711	26924	44036	27775	851
	Total	191696	110922	191395	120114	9192
G.	Bageshwar	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
25.	Bageshwar	60028	31984	58283	39927	7943
26.	Kapkot	50353	28663	48956	33339	4676
	Total	110381	60647	107239	73266	12619

H.	Almora	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
27.	Dwarahat	45541	20801	47026	27291	6490
28.	Someshwar	44732	22148	42679	27035	4887
29.	Salt	49792	19999	47243	24190	4191
30.	Jageshwar	48957	23986	44566	27886	3900
31.	Ranikhet	41090	19198	38562	21476	2278
32.	Almora	46866	25632	43506	27400	1768
	Total	276978	131764	263582	155278	23514

34 Constituencies & Nine Hill Districts : Uttarakhand 2022 Election						
Women & Men Electoral and Voter Participation Overview						
I.	Champawat	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
33.	Lohaghat	56094	28276	51146	34050	5774
34.	Champawat	50057	30768	45959	32602	1834
	Total	106151	59044	97105	66652	7608
	Grand Total	162395	85964	156086	991748	132106
		1	2	9		

Social Development
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Report Six

Women Participation & Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

WOMEN PARTICIPATION & UTTARAKHAND 2017 ELECTORAL DATA



By
Social Development for Communities Foundation
Dehradun, Uttarakhand
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Women Participation & Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

SDC Foundation
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One of the most defining images of Uttarakhand is its numerous abandoned villages. With unabated migration largely driven by lack of employment and income generating activities, men have tended to leave the hills for greener pastures leaving the elderly, women and children behind. This phenomenon has resulted in skewed voting patterns that are clearly evident in the vote shares of women and men voters in the 34 constituencies in the nine hill districts of Uttarakhand.

In order to better understand the complexity of the electoral landscape, one needs to first look at the breakup of the 70 assembly seats across the 13 districts of Uttarakhand. These 70 seats are largely distributed evenly in the plain and hill regions; 36 seats in the four plain districts leaving the balance 34 in the remaining nine districts in the hills. However, this distribution only emerged in the third assembly election of Uttarakhand that was held in February 2012. Prior to that, there were 40 seats in the hills and the balance 30 in the plains. With the delimitation exercise, the numbers in the hill and plain districts changed significantly.

As migration from the hills has continued over the years; this has impacted at several levels like total population, male population, total electors, male electors and finally the male voters. This brief report throws some starting numbers regarding the gaps in voting numbers between women and men that deserves further examination and ground research.

The enclosed electoral data summary is an attempt to look at the past 2017 Uttarakhand assembly elections from the point of view of voter turnout in the 34 assembly seats in the nine hill districts. The data and its analysis examine women and men voter turnout numbers from a district and from a constituency perspective.

Note:

We would like to clarify the meaning of the words Electors and Voters. Electors are those whose names appear on the voting list. Voters are those who cast their votes in the election. The Election Commission of India uses the expressions of Electors and Voters in their data based electoral summaries.

Women Participation & Uttarakhand 2017 Electoral Data

Top 10 Highlights

1. The average voting turnout in Uttarakhand in the 2017 Vidhan Sabha election was 65.6%. Elections were held on February 15, 2017 in 70 seats of which 36 are in the four plain districts of Haridwar, Dehradun, Udham Singh Nagar and Nainital. The remaining 34 seats are in the nine hill districts of Uttarakhand.
2. The number of men electors is greater than women electors in 28 of the 34 hill constituencies. It is only in 6 constituencies viz. Kedarnath, Chaubatakhal, Pauri, Didihat, Dharchula and Dwarahat that women electors outnumber the men.
3. There were a total of 15,34,661 men electors of which 7,84,939 cast their votes with a voting percentage of 51.15% in 34 constituencies in nine hill districts. Thus, on an average half the men electors in the hill districts did not vote in the 2017 election.
4. There were a total of 14,72,513 women electors of which 9,58,865 cast their votes with a voting percentage of 65.12% in 34 constituencies in nine hill districts. Thus, on an average two out of three women cast their votes in the hill districts in the 2017 election.
5. On 33 of the above 34 hill seats, women voters have outnumbered men voters. It is only in the assembly seat of Purola in Uttarkashi district that there are 583 more men voters compared to women voters.
6. There were an average of 28,202 women voters in each hill assembly. In comparison, only 23,086 men have voted in each hill assembly.
7. 5,116 more women than men have voted on an average in each of the 34 assembly constituencies.
8. The biggest difference amongst women and men voters is in the constituencies of Bageshwar (9,802 votes), Rudraprayag (9,517) and Dwarahat (9043).
9. Purola is the only hill constituency in the district of Uttarkashi where more men than women cast their votes. 583 more men voted compared to women voters.
10. Apart from the above 33 hill constituencies, there are 4 more constituencies in the plain districts where women voters have outnumbered men voters, These 4 constituencies are Doiwala, Rishikesh, Kaladhungi and Khatima. Thus, of the total 70 constituencies in Uttarakhand, women have voted in larger numbers than men on 37 assembly seats in the 2017 assembly election.

34 Constituencies & Nine Hill Districts : Uttarakhand 2017 Election Women & Men Electoral and Voter Participation Overview

A.	Uttarkashi	Men		Women		
S. No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
1.	Gangotri	41953	25196	39168	28680	3484
2.	Yamunotri	35726	21760	33812	24300	2540
3.	Purola	34827	24695	32326	24112	583***
Total		112506	71651	105306	77092	5441

*** Purola is the only hill constituency where more men than women cast their votes. 583 more men voted compared to women voters.

B.	Chamoli	Men		Women		
S. No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
4.	Karanprayag	46268	23740	45581	30424	6684
5.	Tharali	50706	26174	47835	31021	4847
6.	Badrinath	51612	29776	47675	31402	1626
	Total	148586	79690	141091	92847	13157

C.	Rudraprayag	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
7.	Rudraprayag	48687	23471	47882	32988	9517
8.	Kedarnath	40738	23576	42055	30191	6615
	Total	89425	47047	89937	63179	16132

D.	Tehri	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
9.	Ghansali	46352	17683	44372	26579	8896
10.	Partap Nagar	40840	16580	39078	24247	7667
11.	Devprayag	40918	18044	39522	24762	6718
12.	Tehri	41592	19147	38601	24078	4931
13.	Narendr Nagar	43964	23926	39474	27902	3976
14.	Dhanolti	39812	23175	36531	25912	2737
	Total	253478	118555	237578	153480	34925

E.	Pauri	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
15.	Srinagar	52133	25492	50189	33262	7770
16.	Chaubattakhal	43663	17563	44326	23787	6224
17.	Pauri	45753	20731	45910	26522	5791
18.	Kotwdar	51366	33133	49783	37007	3874
19.	Lansdowne	41844	17362	38107	20974	3612
20.	Yamkeshwar	43926	21032	39571	23550	2518
	Total	278685	135313	267886	165102	29789

F.	Pithoragarh	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
21.	Gangolihat	49950	24475	47251	29245	4770
22.	Pithoragarh	52060	30114	51817	34853	4739
23.	Didihat	39083	23510	41596	27025	3515
24.	Dharchula	41590	25663	42253	27129	1466
	Total	182683	103762	182917	118252	14490

G.	Bageshwar	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
25.	Bageshwar	56020	28083	53924	37885	9802
26.	Kapkot	47341	27545	46433	31213	3668
	Total	103361	55628	100357	69098	13470

H.	Almora	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
27.	Dwarahat	43438	18634	46163	27677	9043
28.	Salt	48392	18282	46764	25239	6957
29.	Someshwar	43179	19386	41387	26147	6761
30.	Jageshwar	46816	22488	42759	28057	5569
31.	Ranikhet	40214	18246	38363	22211	3965
32.	Almora	45276	23678	42681	27327	3649
	Total	267315	120714	258117	156658	35944

I.	Champawat	Men		Women		
S.No.	Constituency	Electors	Voter	Electors	Voter	Difference Between Women & Men Voters
33.	Lohaghat	52871	25090	47778	32684	7594
34.	Champawat	45751	27489	41546	30473	2984
	Total	98622	52579	89324	63157	10578

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